

RUBY-9717VGAR

Industrial Mainboard

User's Manual

P/N: B8981550 Version 1.0

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Appendix A
Appendix B

How to Use This Manual

The manual describes how to configure your RUBY-9717VGAR system to meet various operating requirements. It is divided into five chapters, with each chapter addressing a basic concept and operation of Single Board Computer.

Chapter 1 : System Overview. Presents what you have in the box and give you an overview of the product specifications and basic system architecture for this series model of single board computer.

Chapter 2 : Hardware Configuration. Shows the definitions and locations of Jumpers and Connectors that you can easily configure your system.

Chapter 3 : System Installation. Describes how to properly mount the CPU, main memory and Compact Flash to get a safe installation and provides a programming guide of Watch Dog Timer function.

Chapter 4 : BIOS Setup Information. Specifies the meaning of each setup parameters, how to get advanced BIOS performance and update new BIOS. In addition, POST checkpoint list will give users some guidelines of trouble-shooting.

Chapter 5 : Troubleshooting. Provides various useful tips to quickly get RUBY-9717VGAR running with success. As basic hardware installation has been addressed in Chapter 3, this chapter will basically focus on system integration issues, in terms of backplane setup, BIOS setting, and OS diagnostics.

The content of this manual is subject to change without prior notice. These changes will be incorporated in new editions of the document. **Portwell** may make supplement or change in the products described in this document at any time.

Updates to this manual, technical clarification, and answers to frequently asked questions will be shown on the following web site : <http://www.portwell.com.tw/>.

Chapter 1

System Overview

1.1 Introduction

RUBY-9717VGAR, uATX form factor mainboard supports the Intel® Core 2 Quad quad-core processor based on the latest Q965 Express chipset, which includes the Intel® Q965 Graphics and Memory Controller Hub and the Intel® I/O Controller Hub ICH8DO, and features a Intel® Graphics Media Accelerator 3000, dual-channel memory bandwidth as high as 12.8 GB, and dynamic video memory of 384 MB to enable enhanced gaming and video interaction.

RUBY-9717VGAR industrial uATX mainboard provides enhanced video output. An on-board ADD2 expansion slot supports the choice of an alternative graphics add-in card. Onboard DVI video output which makes VGA & DVI dual display easily. RUBY-9717VGAR industrial uATX mainboard is the ideal solution for applications in the medical equipment, Kiosk, Point of Sales vertical markets

Intel® Matrix Storage Technology and six SATA connectors to ensure we protected valuable data efficiently in case of hard drive failure for systems configured as RAID 0, 1, 5 or 10. Further expansion options include one PCI Express x4 slot, and two PCI slots to enrich the functionality of the customer's platform.

Feature List

- Supports Intel® Core 2 Quad, Core 2 Duo, Pentium® D, Pentium® 4, Celeron® D processor in an LGA775 package
- Onboard dual independent display by VGA and DVI interface
- One ADD2 graphics slot for ADD2 card
- One PCI Express x4 slot and two 32-bit PCI expansion slots
- Six SATA 300 ports support Intel® Matrix Storage Technology with RAID 0, 1, 5, 10

1.2 Check List

The RUBY-9717VGAR package should cover the following basic items:

- ✓ One RUBY-9717VGAR Industrial Mainboard
- ✓ One I/O shield
- ✓ Two SATA signal cable
- ✓ One Installation Resources CD-Title

If any of these items is damaged or missing, please contact your vendor and keep all packing materials for future replacement and maintenance.

1.3 Product Specification

- **Main processor**
CPU & Package: INTEL Core 2 Quad/ Core 2 Duo/Pentium D/Pentium 4/Celeron D processors, FSB: 1066/800/533MHz
- **BIOS**
Award BIOS
- **Main Memory**
 - Support dual-channel & signal channel DDR memory interface
 - Up to 8GB DDR2 800/667/533 SDRAM on four 240pin DIMM sockets
- **L2 Cache Memory**
Included in processor
- **Chipset**
INTEL Q965 chipset
- **Expansion Interface**
 - Two 32-bit PCI expansion slots
 - One PCI Express x 4 slot
 - One ADD2 slot
- **IDE Interface**
N/A
- **SATA Interface**
Six SATA 300 ports
- **Serial Ports**
Support four serial ports, (RS-232/Powered selectable x 2, RS-232 x 1, RS-232/422/485 selectable x 1)
- **IR Interface**
N/A
- **Parallel Port**
Support one parallel port

- **USB Interface**
Support ten USB (Universal Serial Bus) ports (two at rear I/O; eight ports internal)
- **PS/2 Mouse and Keyboard Interface**
Support dual 6-pin mini-DIN connector at rear I/O panel for PS/2 keyboard/mouse
- **Audio Interface**
Connector of Line-in/Line-out/MIC
- **Real Time Clock/Calendar (RTC)**
Support Y2K Real Time Clock/Calendar with battery backup for 7-year data retention
- **Watchdog Timer**
 - Support WDT function through software programming for enable/disable and interval setting
 - Generate system reset
- **On-board VGA**
 - GMCH integrated Intel Graphics Media Accelerator 3000 (Intel GMA 3000)
 - Intel Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT) 4.0 shares system memory up to 384MB
- **On-board Ethernet LAN**
One Gigabit Ethernet (10/100/1000 Mbits/sec) LAN port
- **High Driving GPIO**
Programmable 12-bit Digital I/O interface
- **Cooling Fans**
Support one 4-pin power connector for CPU cooler and two 3-pin power connector for system fan
- **System Monitoring Feature**
Monitor CPU temperature, system temperature and major power sources, etc
- **Outline Dimension (L X W):**
243.8mm (9.6") X 243.8mm (9.6")
- **Power Requirements:**
Typical: 5V@5.950A; 12V(CPU)@3.31A; 12V(System)@5.82A

● Configuration:

CPU	Intel(R) Dual Core Intel Core 2 Duo E6600, 2400 MHz
SBC BIOS	Portwell, Inc. RUBY-9717VGAR BIOS Rev.:R1.00.W1 T2
Memory	Transcend TS256MLQ64V6U DDR2-667 DDR2 SDRAM 2 GB
VGA Card	Intel(R) Q965/Q963 Express Chipset Family
VGA Driver	Intel(R) Q965/Q963 Express Chipset DRIVER VER:
LAN Card	Intel 82566DM Gigabit Network Connection
LAN Driver	Intel version: 9.4.3.0 and version:9.4.21.0
Audio Card	Intel High Definition Audio (Realtek ALC262 CODEC)
Audio Driver	Realtek AC'97 audio version: 5.18
Chip Driver	Intel chipset software installation utility version: 8.1.1.1001
SCSI Card	AHA-2940UW PCI Card
SCSI HDD	ST39140LW
SATA HDD	Seagate Barracuda 120 GB
FDD	MITSUMI 1.44 FDD
CDROM	ASUS-CRW5232A1-T(SATA CDROM)
Power Supply	FSP460-60PFN

● Operating Temperature:

0°C ~ 55°C

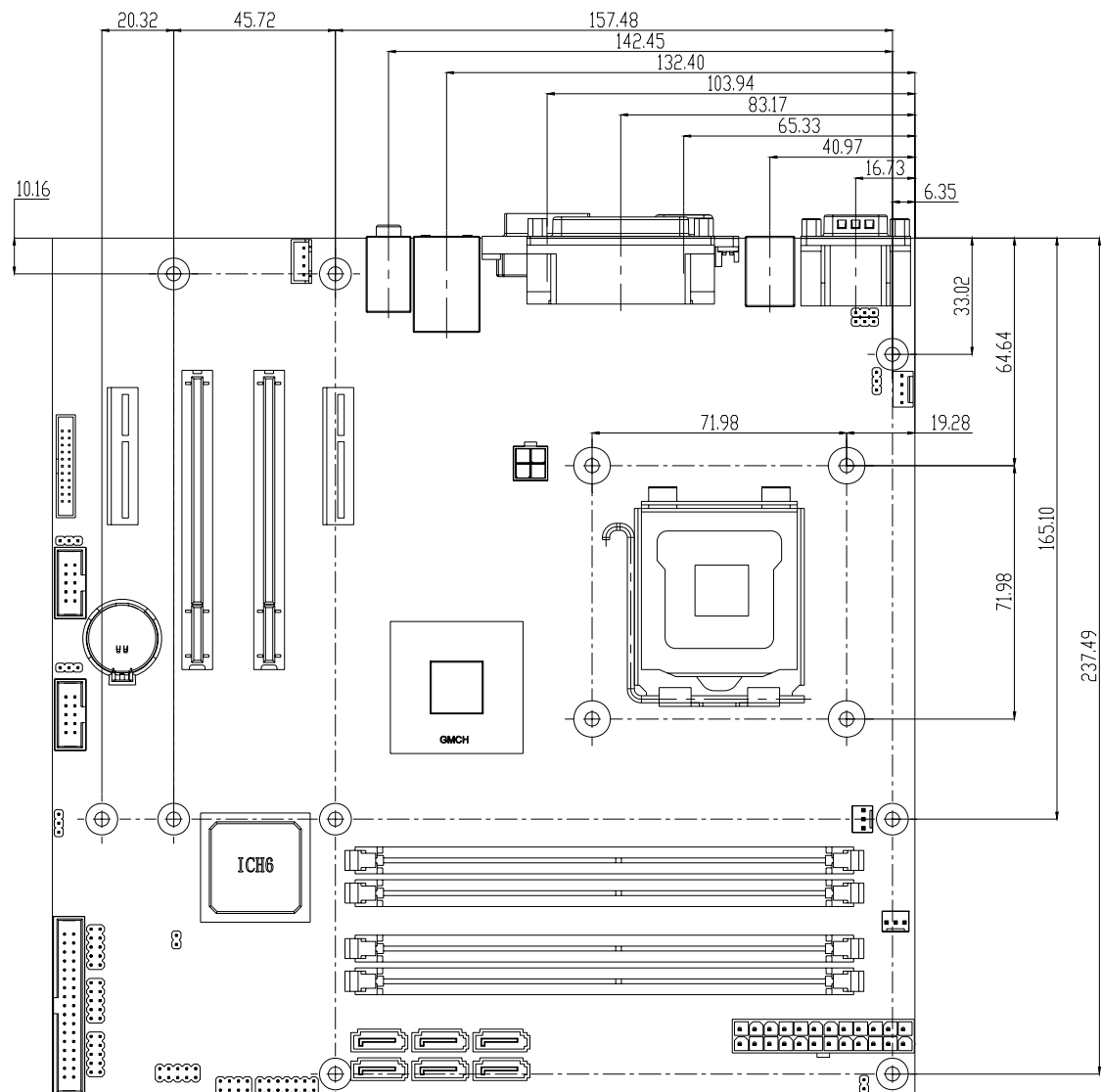
● Storage Temperature:

-20°C ~ 80°C

● Relative Humidity:

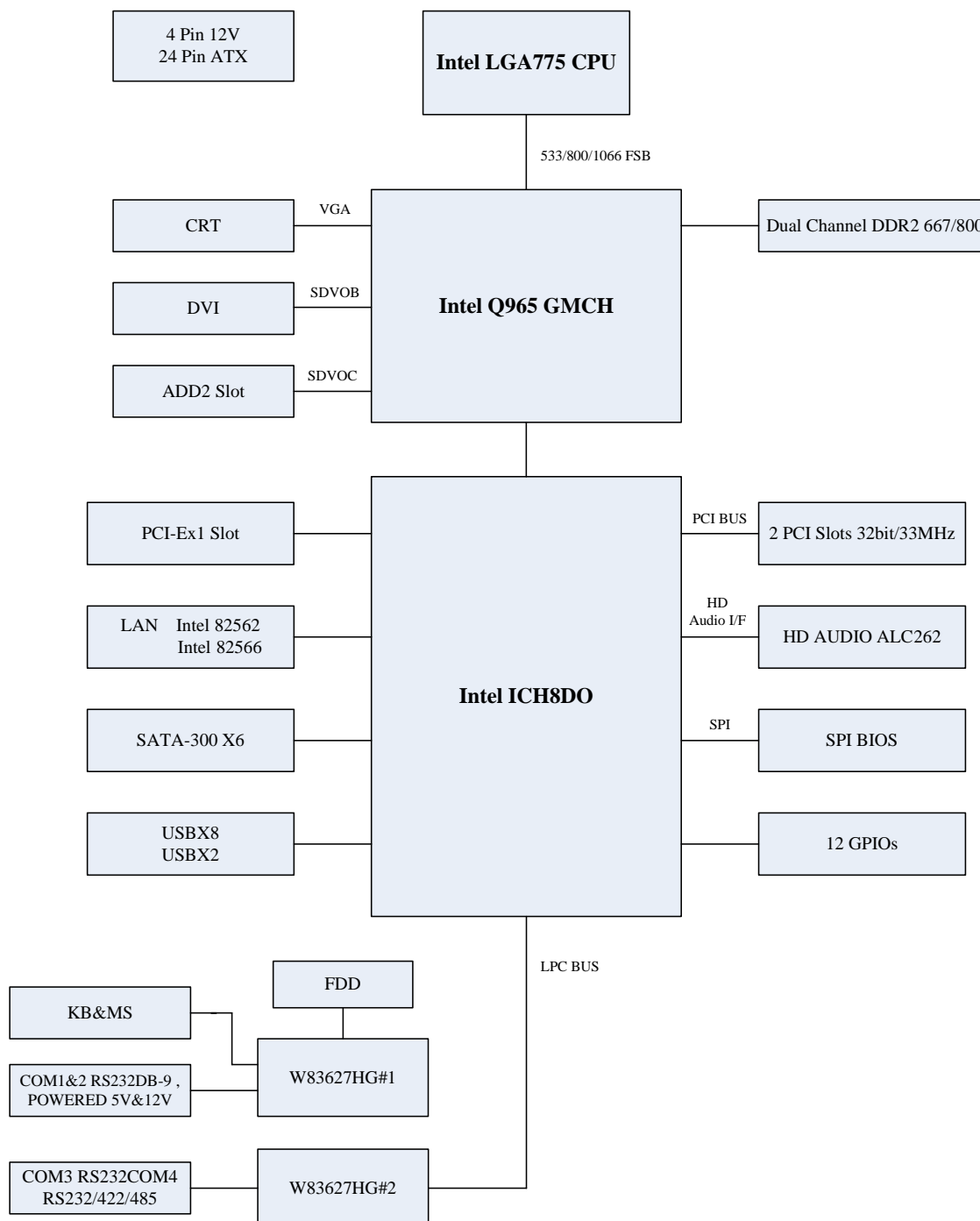
5% ~ 90%, non-condensing

1.3.1 Mechanical Drawing



1.4 System Architecture

RUBY-9717VGAR includes INTEL Q965 chipset, it supports the latest INTEL Core 2 Duo processors with 1066MHz front side bus; up to 8GB DDR2 800 SDRAM system memory in four DIMM sockets; six SATA ports and ten USB 2.0 on RUBY-9717VGAR.



RUBY-9717VGAR Block Diagram

Chapter 2

Hardware Configuration

This chapter indicates jumpers', headers' and connectors' locations. Users may find useful information related to hardware settings in this chapter. The default settings are indicated with a star sign (★).

2.1 Jumper Setting

For users to customize RUBY-9717's features. In the following sections, **Short** means covering a jumper cap over jumper pins; **Open** or **N/C** (Not Connected) means removing a jumper cap from jumper pins. Users can refer to Figure 2-1 for the Jumper allocations.

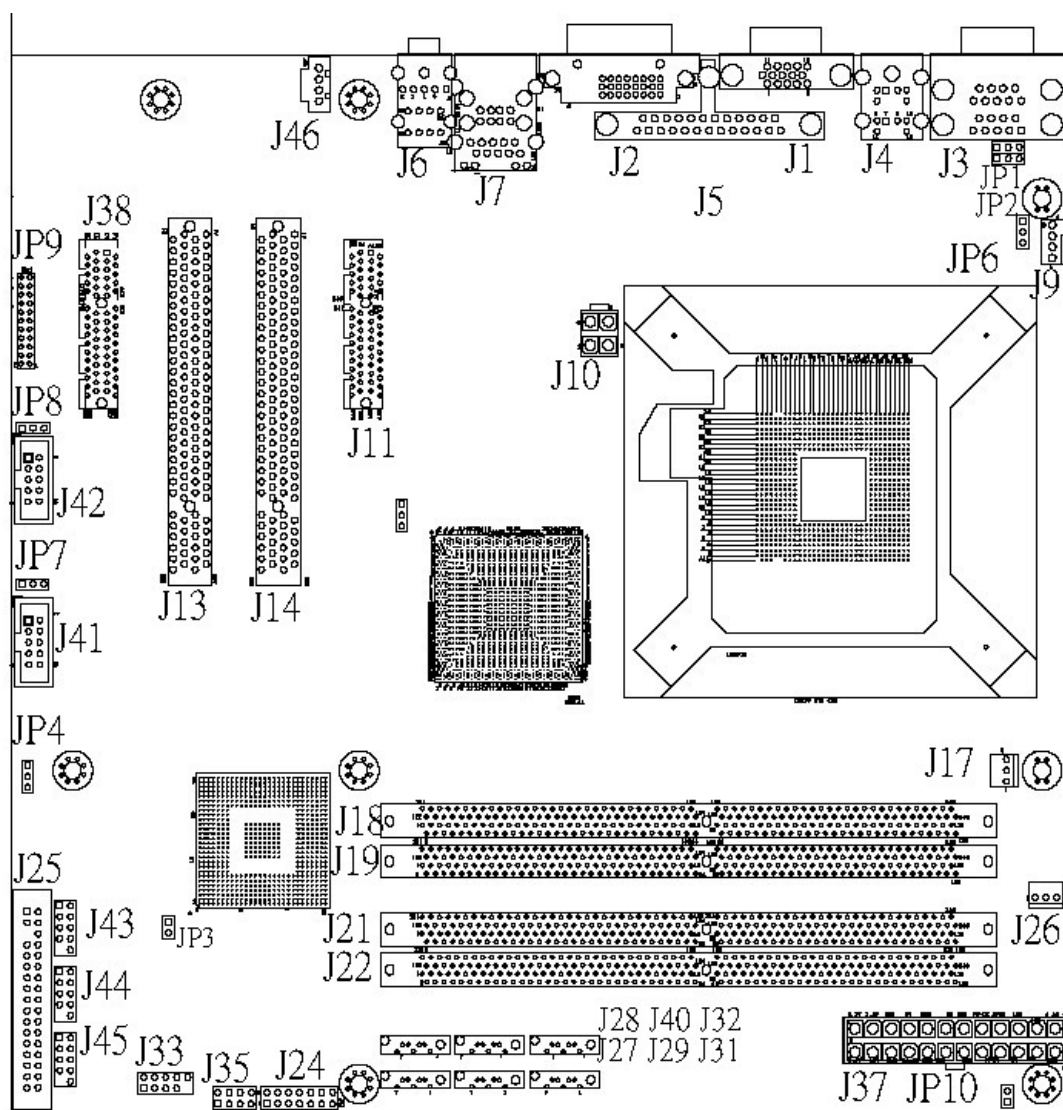


Figure 2-1 RUBY-9717VGAR Jumper & Connector Location

JP1/JP2 : COM1&COM2 RI / Power Function Selection

JP1、JP2	Function
1-2	VCOM
2-3	Ring ★

JP3 : MFG Function Selection

JP3	Function
OPEN	MFG OFF ★
SHORT	MFG ON

JP4 : COMS Clear Jumper setting

JP4	Function
1-2	NORMAL OPERATION ★
2-3	CLEAN CMOS

JP6 : COM1& COM2 VCOM Power Selection

JP6	Function
1-2	VCC ★
2-3	+12V

JP7 : COM3 RI/Power Function Selection

JP7	Function
1-2	+12V
2-3	MODEM RING IN ★

JP8 : COM3 RI/Power Function Selection

JP8	Function
1-2	+12V
2-3	MODEM RING IN ★

JP9 : COM2 RS232/485/422 Selection

JP9	Function
RS-232	5-6、9-11、10-12、15-17、16-18 ★
RS-422	3-4、7-9、8-10、13-15、14-16、21-22
RS-485	1-2、7-9、8-10、19-20
Ps. Pin 19、20、21、22 can be saved, but S/W should keep the COM2 RTS signal low when using RS-422	

JP10 : AT /ATX MODE

JP10	Function
OPEN	ATX Power Mode ★
SHORT	AT Power Mode

2.2 Connector Allocation

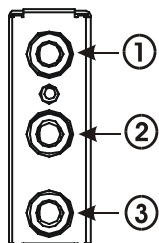
I/O peripheral devices are connected to the interface connectors on this Industrial Mainboard.

Connector Function List

Connector	Function	Remark
J1	CRT Connector	
J2	DVI Connector	
J4	PS/2 K/B and Mouse connector	
J5	COM1 COM2 Connector	
J6	Audio Jack x3	*
J7	LAN+USBx2	
J9	CPU Fan-4P	*
J10	Power 12V Connector	
J11	ADD2 Slot	
J13	PCI Slot2	
J14	PCI Slot1	
J17	Fan_3P	
J18/J21	DDR2_Slot_Chnnel 0	
J19/J22	DDR2_Slot_Chnnel 1	
J24	GPIO Connector	*
J25	FDD Connector	
J26	Fan_3P	*
J27	SATA Connector_6	
J28	SATA Connector_5	
J31	SATA Connector_1	
J32	SATA Connector_2	
J33/J43/J44/ J45	USB Connector	*
J35	FrontPanel Connector	*
J37	ATX Power Connector 24P	
J38	PCI-Ex4 Connector	
J39	SATA Connector_3	
J40	SATA Connector_4	
J41	COM3 Connector	*
J42	COM4 Connector	*

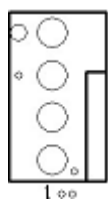
Pin Assignments of Connectors

J6 : AUDIO Connector



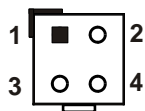
PIN No.	Signal Description
1	Line Out/IN
2	HeadPhone Out
3	MIC IN

J9 : CPU FAN 4P Connector

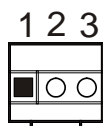


PIN No.	Signal Description
1	GND
2	+12V
3	SENSE
4	Control

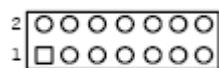
J10 : Power 12V Connector



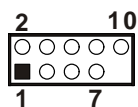
PIN No.	Signal Name	PIN No.	Signal Name
1	GND	3	+12V
2	GND	4	+12V

J17/J26 : 3P Fan connector

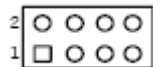
Pin No.	Signal Name
1	GND
2	+12V
3	SENSE

J24 : 8-bit GPIO

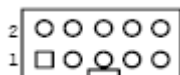
PIN No.	Signal Description	PIN No.	Signal Description
1	GPIO16	2	GPIO4
3	GPIO5	4	GPIO18
5	GPIO20	6	GPIO8
7	GPIO12	8	GPIO0
9	GPIO36	10	GPIO37
11	GPIO10	12	GPIO14
13	GND	14	+5V

J33/J43/J44/J45 : USB Connector

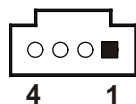
PIN No.	Signal Description	PIN No.	Signal Description
1	USB power (5V)	2	USB power (5V)
3	USB DATA A-	4	USB DATA B-
5	USB DATA A+	6	USB DATA B+
7	Ground	8	Ground
9	N/A	10	Ground

J35 : FrontPanel Connector

PIN No.	Signal Description	PIN No.	Signal Description
1	SATA LED+	2	SATA LED-
3	POWER LED+	4	POWER LED-
5	Power ON+	6	Power ON-
7	Reset+	8	Reset-

J41/J42 : COM3 & COM4 connector

PIN No.	Signal Description
1	DCD (Data Carrier Detect)
2	RXD (Receive Data)
3	TXD (Transmit Data)
4	DTR (Data Terminal Ready)
5	GND (Ground)
6	DSR (Data Set Ready)
7	RTS (Request to Send)
8	CTS (Clear to Send)
9	RI (Ring Indicator) or +12V
10	N/C

J53 : Audio CD- in Connector

PIN No.	Signal Description
1	CD-Left
2	CD-GND
3	CD-GND
4	CD-Right

Chapter 3

System Installation

Chapter 3 instructs you to set up system; the additional information is enclosed to help you set up onboard PCI device and handle WDT operation in software programming.

3.1 Intel® LGA 775 Processor

Installing LGA 775 CPU

- 1) Lift the handling lever of CPU socket outwards and upwards to the other end. Following step A position to step B position (Figure 3-1).

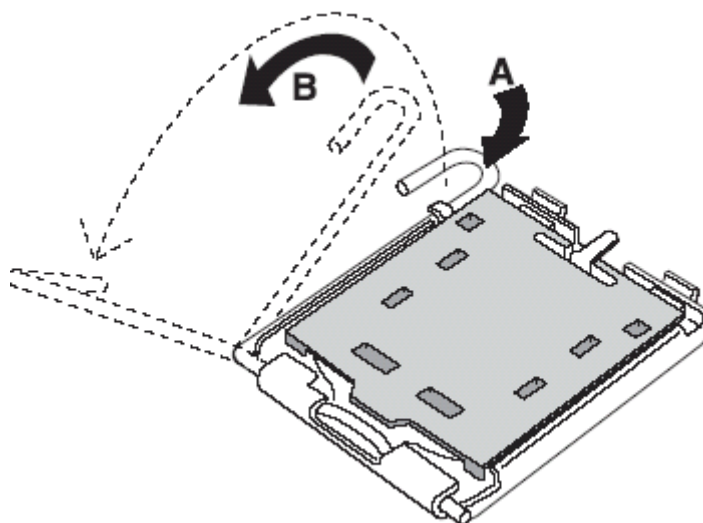


Figure 3-1

- 2) Align the processor pins with pinholes on the socket. Make sure that the notched corner or dot mark (pin 1) of the CPU corresponds to the socket's bevel end. Then press the CPU gently until it fits into place (see Fig.3-4). If this operation is not easy or smooth, don't do it forcibly. You need to check and rebuild the CPU pin uniformly.

Triangle mark is meaning first pin position; kindly assemble and take aim at notch of top and bottom between CPU and socket.



Figure 3-2

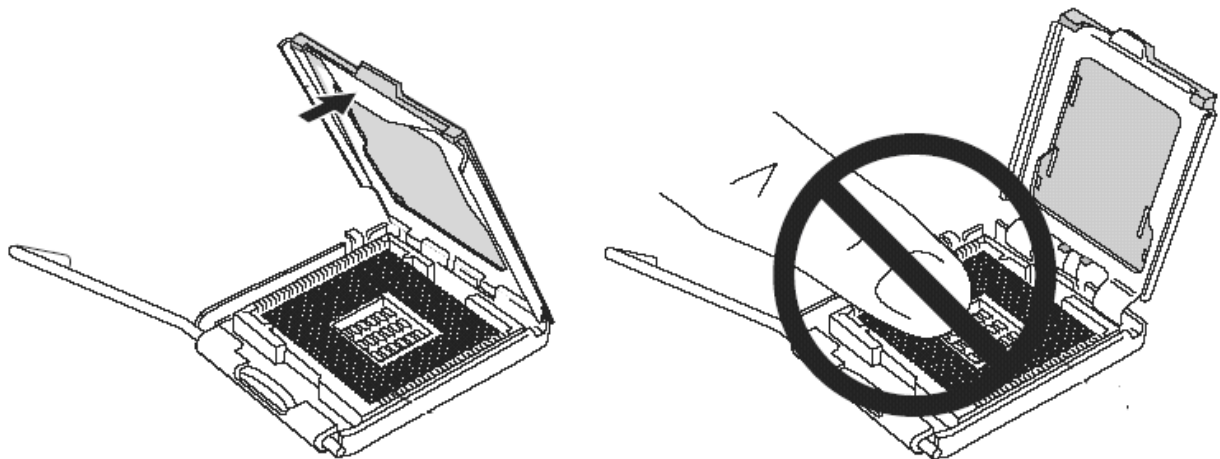


Figure 3-3

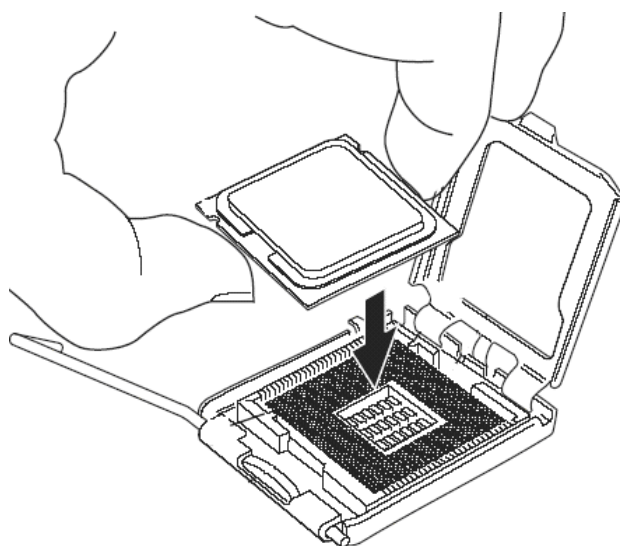


Figure 3-4

Precaution! (See fig.3-3) Don't touch directly by your hand or impacts internal align balls of CPU socket to avoid motherboard destruction, it is a precise actuator.

- 3) Push down the lever to lock processor chip into the socket once CPU fits.
- 4) Follow the installation guide of cooling fan or heat sink to mount it on CPU surface and lock it on the LGA 775 package.
- 5) You should know LGA 775 processor need extra 12V power source.
Don't forget to connect 4pin (0r 8 pin) 12V connector to J10!

J10: 12V CPU Supplementary Connector

PIN No.	Signal Description
1	Ground
2	Ground
3	+12V
4	+12V

Removing CPU

- 1) Unlock the cooling fan first.
- 2) Lift the lever of CPU socket outwards and upwards to the other end.
- 3) Carefully lifts up the existing CPU to remove it from the socket.
- 4) Follow the steps of installing a CPU to change to another one or place handling bar to close the opened socket.

CPU Application

Supports Intel® Core 2 Duo, Pentium® D, Pentium® 4, Celeron® D processor in an LGA775 socket equipped with dual core, Hyper-Threading, EM64T, EIST, and XD & VT technologies.

3.2 Main Memory

RUBY-9717VGAR provides 4 x 240-pin DDR2-SDRAM DIMM sockets support 1.8V dual-channel DDR2 800/667/533 non-ECC DIMMs. The maximum memory size can be up to 8GB. Auto detecting memory clock is according to BIOS CMOS settings.

For system compatibility and stability, don't use memory module without brand. You can also use single-sided or double-sided DIMM in both slots.

Watch out the contact and lock integrity of memory module with socket, it will impact on the system reliability. Follow normal procedures to install your DRAM module into memory socket. Before locking, make sure that all modules have been fully inserted into the card slots.

Dual Channel DDR2 DIMMs

Dual Channel DDR2 memory technology doubles the bandwidth of memory bus. Adequate or higher bandwidth of memory than processor would increase system performance. To enable Dual Channel DDR2 memory technology, you have to install dual identical memory modules in both memory sockets. Following tables show bandwidth information of different processor and memory configurations.

Memory Frequency	Dual Channel DDR Bandwidth	Single Channel DDR Bandwidth
800MHz	25.6 GB/s	12.8 GB/s
667 MHz	21.2 GB/s	10.6 GB/s
533 MHz	17.2 GB/s	8.6 GB/s

Note:

To maintain system stability, don't change any of DRAM parameters in BIOS setup to upgrade your system performance without acquiring technical information.

CPU FSB / Memory Frequency synchronization

Support different memory frequencies depending on the CPU front side bus and the type of DDR2 DIMM. Watch Out, it's meaning that memory maximum frequency on configuration, which is synchronization and based on CPU FSB.

CPU FSB	Memory Frequency
1066MHz	533 / 667 / 800MHz
800 MHz	533 / 667 / 800MHz
533 MHz	533 MHz

3.3 Installing the Single Board Computer

To install your RUBY-9717VGAR into standard chassis or proprietary environment, you need to perform the following:

Step 1: Check all jumpers setting on proper position.

Step 2: Install and configure CPU and memory module on right position.

Step 3: Place RUBY-9717VGA into the dedicated position in your system.

Step 4: Attach cables to existing peripheral devices and secure it.

WARNING

Bus Interface Fully complies with PCI Local Bus specification V2.2 (support 2 master PCI slots); and Please follow section 3.31 to 3.3.5 instruction to install hardware driver.

3.3.1 Chipset Component Driver

The chipset on RUBY-9717VGAR is a new chipset that a few old operating systems might not be able to recognize. To overcome this compatibility issue, for Windows Operating Systems such as Windows 2000 / XP / Server 2003, please install its INF before any of other Drivers are installed. You can find very easily this chipset component driver in RUBY-9717VGAR CD-title.

3.3.2 Intel Integrated Graphics GMCH Chip

Using GMCH High performance graphic integrated chipset (Intel GMA 3000) is aimed to gain an outstanding graphic performance. Shared 128 accompany it to 256MB/Maximum system DDR2-SDRAM with Total Graphics Memory. This combination makes RUBY-9717VGAR an excellent piece of multimedia hardware.

With no additional video adaptor, this onboard video will usually be the system display output. By adjusting BIOS of "Advanced Chipset Feature" and set "PEG/Onchip VGA Control" to [PEG Port] (please kindly refer section 4.6 of chapter 4 configuration), and then the add-on PCI or PCI Express by 16 VGA Card can take over the system display.

Drivers Support

Please find hardware driver of 82965 GMCH in the RUBY-9717VGAR CD-title. Drivers support Windows 2000 / XP System 32-bit & Windows XP System 64-bit.

Windows 2000/XP (32bit): Please execute Install for Windows 2000/XP System 32-Bit file to start graphics driver installation.

Windows XP (64-bit): Please execute Install for Windows XP System 64-bit file to start graphics driver installation.

3.3.3 On-board Fast Ethernet Controller

Drivers Support

Please find Ethernet combination driver for operating Intel 82573L and 82566DM Gigabit LAN form RUBY-9717VGAR CD-title. The drivers support Windows 2000/XP System 32-Bit & Windows XP System 64-bit.

Windows 2000/XP (32bit): Please execute Install for Windows 2000/XP System 32-Bit file to start Intel LAN driver installation.

Windows XP (64-bit): Please execute Install for Windows XP System 64-bit file to "Ethernet\intel\intel_Gigabit_64bit\"; Pass below button into the dictionary.

LED Indicator (for LAN status)

RUBY-9717VGAR provides three LED indicators to report Intel 82566DM Gigabit Ethernet interfaces status. Please refer to the table below as a quick reference guide.

82566DM	Color	Name of LED	Operation of Ethernet Port		
			Linked	Active	
Status LED	Yellow	LAN Linked & Active LED	On	Blinking	
Speed LED	Orange	LAN speed LED	Giga Mbps	100 Mbps	10 Mbps
	Green		Orange	Green	Off

3.3.4 On-board AC-97 Audio Device

Please find Realtek ALC262 Audio driver of RUBY-9717VGAR CD-title. The drivers support Windows 2000/XP/Server 2003.

3.3.5 Intel Matrix Storage Manager Device

Drivers Support

Please find utility tool for Intel ICH8DO of RUBY-9717VGAR CD-title. The drivers support Windows 2000/XP System 32-Bit & Windows XP System 64-bit.

Installing Serial ATA hard disks

The RUBY-9717VGAR supports Six Serial ATA hard disk drives. For optimal performance, install identical drives of the same model and capacity when creating a disk array.

To install the SATA hard disks for a RAID configuration:

1. Install the SATA hard disks into the drive bays.
2. Connect the SATA signal cables.
3. Connect a SATA power cable to the power connector on each drive.

Intel RAID configurations

This RUBY-9717VGAR supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, RAID 10 (0+1) and Intel® Matrix Storage configurations for Serial ATA hard disks drives through the Intel ICH7R Southbridge chip.

RAID configurations

RAID 0 (Data striping) optimizes two identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Two hard disks perform the same work as a single drive but at a sustained data transfer rate, double that of a single disk alone, thus improving data access and storage. Use of two new identical hard disk drives is required for this setup.

RAID 1 (Data mirroring) copies and maintains an identical image of data from one drive to a second drive. If one drive fails, the disk array management software directs all applications to the surviving drive as it contains a complete copy of the data in the other drive. This RAID configuration provides data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or use an existing drive and a new drive for this setup. The new drive must be of the same size or larger than the existing drive.

RAID 10 is data striping and data mirroring combined without parity (redundancy data) having to be calculated and written. With the RAID 10 configuration you get all the benefits of both RAID 0 and RAID 1 configurations. Use four new hard disk drives or use an existing drive and three new drives for this setup.

RAID 5 stripes both data and parity information across three or more hard disk drives. Among the advantages of RAID 5 configuration include better HDD performance, fault tolerance, and higher storage capacity. The RAID 5 configuration is best suited for transaction processing, relational database applications, enterprise resource planning, and other business systems. Use a minimum of three identical hard disk drives for this setup.

Intel Matrix Storage Manager. The Intel® Matrix Storage technology supported by the ICH8DO chip allows you to create a RAID 0 and a RAID 1 set using only two identical hard disk drives. The Intel® Matrix Storage technology creates two partitions on each hard disk drive to create a virtual RAID 0 and RAID 1 sets. This technology also allows you to change the hard disk drive partition size without losing any data.

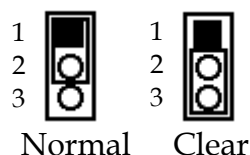
3.3.6 AMT Function Installation

A major barrier to greater IT efficiency has been removed by Intel® Active Management Technology (Intel® AMT) a feature on Intel® vPro™ technology. Using built-in platform capabilities and popular third-party management and security applications, Intel AMT allows IT to better Discover, Heal, and Protect their networked computing assets.

Installing ME (Management Engine) Drivers (which includes HECI Driver and LMS_SOL Driver) and operating PCI serial port and PCI simple communications controller.

3.4 Clear CMOS Operation

The following table indicates how to enable/disable CMOS Clear Function hardware circuit by putting jumpers at proper position.



JP4	Function
1-2 Short	Normal Operation ★
2-3 Short	Clear CMOS contents

3.5 WDT Function

The working algorithm of the WDT function can be simply described as a counting process. The Time-Out Interval can be set through software programming. The availability of the time-out interval settings by software or hardware varies from boards to boards.

RUBY-9717VGAR allows users control WDT through dynamic software programming. The WDT starts counting when it is activated. It sends out a signal to system reset or to non-maskable interrupt (NMI), when time-out interval ends. To prevent the time-out interval from running out, a re-trigger signal will need to be sent before the counting reaches its end. This action will restart the counting process. A well-written WDT program should keep the counting process running under normal condition. WDT should never generate a system reset or NMI signal unless the system runs into troubles.

The related Control Registers of WDT are all included in the following sample program that is written in C language. User can fill a non-zero value into the Time-out Value Register to enable/refresh WDT. System will be reset after the Time-out Value to be counted down to zero. Or user can directly fill a zero value into Time-out Value Register to disable WDT immediately. To ensure a successful accessing to the content of desired Control Register, the sequence of following program codes should be step-by-step run again when each register is accessed.

Additionally, there are maximum 2 seconds of counting tolerance that should be considered into user' application program. For more information about WDT, please refer to Winbond W83627DHG data sheet.

There are two PNP I/O port addresses that can be used to configure WDT,

- 1) 0x2E:EFIR (Extended Function Index Register, for identifying CR index number)
- 2) 0x2F:EFDR (Extended Function Data Register, for accessing desired CR)

Below are some example codes, which demonstrate the use of WDT.

```
// Enter Extended Function Mode
outp(0x002E, 0x87);
outp(0x002E, 0x87);
// Assign Pin 89 to be a WDTO
outp(0x002E, 0x2D);
outp(0x002F, inp(0x002F) & 0xFE);
// Select Logic Device 8
outp(0x002E, 0x07);
outp(0x002F, 0x08);
// Active Logic Device 8
outp(0x002E, 0x30);
outp(0x002F, 0x01);

// Select Count Mode
outp(0x002E, 0xF5);
outp(0x002F, (inp(0x002F) & 0xF7) | (Count-mode Register & 0x08));
// Specify Time-out Value
outp(0x002E, 0xF6);
outp(0x002F, Time-out Value Register);
// Disable WDT reset by keyboard/mouse interrupts
outp(0x002E, 0xF7);
outp(0x002F, 0x00);
// Exit Extended Function Mode
outp(0x002E, 0xAA);
```

Definitions of Variables:

- Value of **Count-mode Register**:
- 1) 0x00 -- Count down in seconds (Bit3=0)
 - 2) 0x08 -- Count down in minutes (Bit3=1)
- Value of **Time-out Value Register**:
- 1) 0x00 -- Time-out Disable
 - 2) 0x01~0xFF -- Value for counting down

3.6 GPIO

The RUBY-9717VGAR series provides 10 general purpose input or output (GPIO) ports can perform a simple basic I/O function. ***GPIO 16,5,20,12,36,10 are output pin and GPIO 4,18,8,0,37,14 are input pin***

3.6.1 Pin assignment

J24: General Purpose I/O Connector

PIN No.	Signal Description		
1	GPIO16	from ICH8	output
2	GPIO4	from ICH8	input
3	GPIO5	from ICH8	output
4	GPIO18	from ICH8	input
5	GPIO20	from ICH8	output
6	GPIO8	from ICH8,	input
7	GPIO12	from ICH8	output
8	GPIO0	from ICH8	input
9	GPIO36	from ICH8	output
10	GPIO37	from ICH8	input
11	GPIO10	from ICH8	output
12	GPIO14	from ICH8	I nput
13	GND		
14	+5 V		

All General Purpose I/O ports can only apply to TTL +-5% signal level (0V/5V), and each source sink capacity up to 12mA.

3.6.2 RUBY-9717VGAR GPIO

There are 10 GPIO pins on RUBY-9717VGAR. These GPIO pins are from ICH8 I/Os, respectively,

J24 pin header is for 10 GPIO pins and its pin assignment as following :

J24_Pin1: from ICH8_GPIO16 with Ext. 4.7K Ohm Pull up
J24_Pin2: from ICH8_GPIO4
J24_Pin3: from ICH8_GPIO5 with Ext. 4.7K Ohm Pull up
J24_Pin4: from ICH8_GPIO18
J24_Pin5: from ICH8_GPIO20 with Ext. 4.7K Ohm Pull up
J24_Pin6: from ICH8_GPIO8
J24_Pin7: from ICH8_GPIO12 with Ext. 4.7K Ohm Pull up
J24_Pin8: from ICH8_GPIO0
J24_Pin9: from ICH8_GPIO36 with Ext. 4.7K Ohm Pull up
J24_Pin10: from ICH8_GPIO37
J24_Pin11: from ICH8_GPIO10 with Ext. 4.7K Ohm Pull up
J24_Pin12: from ICH8_GPIO14
<<<<< Be careful Pin13=GND , Pin14=+5V >>>>>

The Direction of ICH8_GPIOs are programmed already. J24 Pin 1,3,5,7,9,11 are output pin . J24 Pin 2,4,6,8,10,12 are input pin. There are several Configuration Registers (CR) of ICH8 needed to be programmed to control the GPIO status(GPI)/value(GPO).

Note :

Because of the buffer IC, Do Not set the default output (input)pin as input (output).

GP0~GP31

Step1: GPIOBASE=0480h , Offset=00h~03h , Bit[31:0] , 0=native , 1=GPIO

Step2: GPIOBASE=0480h ,Offset=04h ~07h, Bit[31:0] , 0=Output , 1=Input

(* Do not change default value *)

Step3: GPIOBASE=0480h, Offset=0Ch~0Fh, Bit[31:0] , 0=Low , 1=High

GP32~GP63

Step1: GPIOBASE=0480h , Offset=30h~33h , Bit[31:0] , 0=native , 1=GPIO

Step2: GPIOBASE=0480h ,Offset=34h~37hh , Bit[31:0] , 0=Output , 1=Input

(* Do not change default value *)

Step3: GPIOBASE=0480h, Offset=38h~3Bh, Bit[31:0] , 0=Low , 1=High

Chapter 4

BIOS Setup Information

RUBY-9717VGAR is equipped with the AWARD BIOS stored in Flash ROM. These BIOS has a built-in Setup program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration easily. This type of information is stored in CMOS RAM so that it is retained during power-off periods. When system is turned on, RUBY-9717VGAR communicates with peripheral devices and checks its hardware resources against the configuration information stored in the CMOS memory. If any error is detected, or the CMOS parameters need to be initially defined, the diagnostic program will prompt the user to enter the SETUP program. Some errors are significant enough to abort the start-up.

4.1 Entering Setup

Turn on or reboot the computer. When the message "Hit if you want to run SETUP" appears, press key immediately to enter BIOS setup program.

If the message disappears before you respond, but you still wish to enter Setup, please restart the system to try "COLD START" again by turning it OFF and then ON, or touch the "RESET" button. You may also restart from "WARM START" by pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys simultaneously. If you don't press the keys at the right time and the system will not boot; an error message will be displayed and you will again be asked to Press <F1> to Run SETUP or Resume.

In HIFLEX BIOS setup, you can use the keyboard to choose among options or modify the system parameters to match the options with your system. The table below will show you all of keystroke functions in BIOS setup.

General Help	
↑ ↓ → ←	: Move
Enter	: Select
+ / - /PU /PD	: Value
ESC	: Exit
F1	: General Help
F2	: Item Help
F5	: Previous Values
F6	: Fail-Safe Defaults
F7	: Optimized Defaults
F9	: Menu in BIOS
F10	: Save

4.2 Main Menu

Once you enter RUBY-9717VGAR AWARD BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, you should start with the Main Menu. The Main Menu allows you to select from eleven setup functions and two exit choices. Use arrow keys to switch among items and press <Enter> key to accept or bring up the sub-menu.

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Standard CMOS Features▶ Advanced BIOS Features▶ Advanced Chipset Features▶ Integrated Peripherals▶ Power Management Setup▶ PnP/PCI Configurations▶ PC Health Status	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Frequency/Voltage ControlLoad Fail-Safe DefaultsLoad Optimized DefaultsSet Supervisor PasswordSet User PasswordSave & Exit SetupExit Without Saving
ESC : Quit F9 : Menu in BIOS ↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item F10 : Save & Exit Setup	
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type ...	

Note:

It is strongly recommended to reload Optimal Setting if CMOS is lost or BIOS is updated.

4.3 Standard CMOS Setup Menu

This setup page includes all the items in standard compatible BIOS. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp>/<PgDn> or <+>/<-> keys to select the value or number you want in each item and press <Enter> key to certify it.

Follow command keys in CMOS Setup table to change Date, Time, Drive type, and Boot Sector Virus Protection Status.

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility Standard CMOS Features

Date (mm:dd:yy)	Fri, May 18 2007	Item Help
Time (hh:mm:ss)	10 : 20 : 30	
► IDE Channel 0 Master	[None]	Menu Level ►
► IDE Channel 0 Slave	[None]	
► IDE Channel 1 Master	[None]	Change the day, month, year and century
► IDE Channel 1 Slave	[None]	
► IDE Channel 2 Master	[None]	
► IDE Channel 3 Master	[None]	
Drive A	[1.4M, 3.5 in.]	
Drive B	[None]	
Video	[EVG/VGA]	
Halt On	[All, But Keyboard]	
Base Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	514048K	
Total Memory	515072K	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

■ Menu Selections

Item	Options	Description
Date	mm:dd:yy	Change the day, month, year and century
Time	hh:mm:ss	Change the internal clock
IDE Channel 0/1/2/3 Master	Options are in its sub menu	Press <Enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed options
IDE Channel 0/1 Slave		
Drive A Drive B	None 360K, 5.25 in 1.2M, 5.25 in 720K, 3.5 in 1.44M, 3.5 in ★ 2.88M, 3.5 in	Press <Enter> to enter the next page for detail hard drive settings
Video	EGA/VGA ★ CGA 40 CGA 80 MONO	Select the default video device
Halt On	All Errors No Errors All, but Keyboard ★ All, but Diskette All, but Disk/Key	Select the situation in which you want the BIOS to stop the POST process and notify you
Base Memory	640K	Displays the amount of conventional memory detected during boot up
Extended Memory	N/A	Displays the amount of extended memory detected during boot up
Total Memory	N/A	Displays the total memory available in the system

4.4 IDE Adaptors Setup Menu

The IDE adaptors control the IDE devices, such as Hard disk drive or CDROM drive. It uses a separate sub menu to configure each hard disk drive.

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility IDE Channel 0/1/2/3 Master

IDE HDD Auto-Detection	[Press Enter]	Item Help
IDE Channel 0 Master Access Mode	[Auto] [Auto]	Menu Level ▶
Capacity	0 MB	To auto-detect the HDD's size, head ... on this channel
Cylinder	0	
Head	0	
Precomp	0	
Landing Zone	0	
Sector	0	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility IDE Channel 0/1 Slave

IDE HDD Auto-Detection	[Press Enter]	Item Help
IDE Channel 1 Master Access Mode	[Auto] [Auto]	Menu Level ▶
Capacity	0	To atuo-detect the HDD's size, head ... on this channel
Cylinder	0	
Head	0	
Precomp	0	
Landing Zone	0	
Sector	0	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

Note:

Oblique items (or data) are based on user's HDD device to display storage configuration.

■ IDE Channel Menu Selections

Item	Options	Description
IDE HDD Auto-detection	Press Enter	Press Enter to auto-detect the HDD on this channel. If detection is successful, it fills the remaining fields on this menu.
IDE Channel 0/1/2/3 Master & 0/1 Slave	None Auto Manual	Selecting 'manual' lets you set the remaining fields on this screen. Selects the type of fixed disk. "User Type" will let you select the number of cylinders, heads, etc. Note: PRECOMP=65535 means NONE!
Access Mode	CHS LBA Large Auto	Choose the access mode for this hard disk
Capacity	Auto Display your disk drive size	Disk drive capacity (Approximated). Note that this size is usually slightly greater than the size of a formatted disk given by a disk-checking program.
The following options are selectable only if the 'IDE Channel 0 Master' item is set to 'Manual'		
Cylinder	Min = 0 Max = 65535	Set the number of cylinders for this hard disk.
Head	Min = 0 Max = 255	Set the number of read/write heads
Precomp	Min = 0 Max = 65535	**** Warning: Setting a value of 65535 means no hard disk
Landing zone	Min = 0 Max = 65535	****
Sector	Min = 0 Max = 255	Number of sectors per track

4.5 Advanced BIOS Feature

This section allows you to configure your system for basic operation. You have the opportunity to select the system's default speed, boot-up sequence, keyboard operation, shadowing and security.

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility Advanced BIOS Features

		Item Help
► CPU Feature	[Press Enter]	Menu Level ►
► Hard Disk Boot Priority	[Press Enter]	
Virus Warning	[Disabled]	
CPU L1 & L2 Cache	[Enabled]	
Hyper-Threading Technology	[Enabled]	
Quick Power On Self Test	[Enabled]	
First Boot Device	[Floppy]	
Second Boot Device	[Hard Disk]	
Third Boot Device	[LS120]	
Boot Other Device	[Enabled]	
Swap Floppy Drive	[Disabled]	
Boot up Floppy Seek	[Enabled]	
Boot up NumLock Status	[On]	
Gate A20 Option	[Fast]	
Typematic Rate Setting	[Disabled]	
X Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)	6	
X Typematic Delay (Msec)	250	
Security Option	[Setup]	
X APIC Mode	Enabled	
MPS Version Control For OS	[1.4]	
OS Select For DRAM > 64MB	[Non-OS2]	
Console Redirection	Disabled	
X Baud Rat	19200	
Agent after boot	Enabled	
Report No FDD For WIN 95	[No]	
Small Logo(EPA) Show	[Disabled]	
ASF support	[Enabled]	
DMI Event Log	[Enabled]	
Clear All DMI Event Log	[Yes]	
View DMI Event Log	[Enter]	
Mark DMI Event as Read	[Enter]	
Event Log Capacity	Space Available	
Event Log validity	Valid	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

CPU Feature

Limit CPUID MaxVal	[Disabled]	Item Help
C1E Function	[Auto]	
Execute Disabled Bit	[Enabled]	Menu Level ▶
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

Limit CPUID Maxval

Set Limit CPUID MaxVal to 3, Should Be “Disabled” for WinXP.

Enabled	For OS: Windows NT4.0 Install.
Disabled	For OS: Windows XP Install.

C1E Function

CPU C1E Function Select.

The choice: Auto, Disabled.

Execute Disabled Bit

Replacing older computers with Execute Disable Bit-enabled systems can halt worm attacks, reducing the need for virus related repairs. In addition, Execute Disable Bit may eliminate the need for software patches aimed at buffer overflow attacks. By combining Execute Disable Bit with anti-virus, firewall, spy ware removal, e-mail filtering software, and other network security measures, IT managers can free IT resources for other initiatives.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

Hard Disk Boot Priority

1. ch0 M. : Maxtor 91021U2 2. Bootable add-in Cards	<div style="text-align: right;">Item Help</div> Menu Level ► Use < ↑ > or < ↓ > to select a device, then press < + > to move it up, or < - > to move it down the list. Press < ESC > to exit this menu.
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults	

Note:

The oblique word is indicating to appear HDD device message, which user employs.

Hard Disk Boot Priority

Select Hard Disk Boot Device Priority. Use < ↑ > or < ↓ > to select a device, then press < + > to move it up, or < - > to move it down the list. Press < ESC > to exit this menu.

Bootable Add-in Cards	Select SCSI Boot
-----------------------	------------------

Virus Warning

Allow you to choose the virus warning feature for IDE Hard Disk boot sector protection. If this function is enabled and someone attempt to write data into this area, BIOS will show a warning message on screen and alarm beep.

Enabled	Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.
Disabled	No warning message will appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.

CPU L1 Cache/L2 Cache

These two categories speed up memory access. However, it depends on CPU/chipset design.

Enabled	Enable Cache
Disabled	Disable Cache

Hyper-Threading Technology

“Enabled” for Windows XP and Linux 2.4.X (OS optimized for Hyper-Threading Technology and “Disabled” for other OS (OS not optimized for Hyper-Threading Technology).

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Quick Power On Self Test

Allows the system to skip certain tests while booting. This will decrease the time needed to boot the system.

Enabled	Enable quick POST
Disabled	Normal POST

First/Second/Third Boot Device

Select your boot device priority.

The choice: Floppy, LS120, Hard Disk, CDROM, ZIP100, USB-FDD, USB-ZIP, USB-CDROM, LAN and Disabled.

Boot Other Device

Select your boot device priority.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Swap Floppy Drive

If the system has two floppy drives, choose enable to assign physical driver B to logical drive A and Vice-Versa.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Boot Up Floppy Seek

Enabled tests floppy drives to determine whether they have 40 or 80 tracks.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Boot Up NumLock Status

Select power on state for NumLock.

The choice: Off, On.

Gate A20 Option

Fast-lets chipsets control Gate A20 and Normal – a pin in the keyboard controller controls Gate A20.

The choice: Normal, Fast.

Typematic Rate Setting

Keystrokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard controller – When enabled, the typematic rate and typematic delay can be selected.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Typematic Rate (Chars/sec)

The rate at which character repeats when you hold down a key.

The choice: 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, and 30. (Default 6)

Typematic delay (Msec)

The delay before keystrokes begin to repeat.

The choice: 250, 500, 750, and 1000. (Default 250)

Security Option

Select whether the password is required every time the system boots or only when you enter setup.

System	The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
Setup	The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

APIC Mode

Setting to Enabled can cause instabilities. Once the operating system is installed, such as Windows XP in my case, this setting cannot be changed without reinstalling the operating system, regardless of whether the initial setting is Disabled or Enabled. The purpose of setting it to Enabled is to extend the number of IRQ's, which sounds like a real risky proposition. I'm not surprised to see the conclusion reached at APIC: Benefit or Trouble. The number of IRQ's should be fine without being extended, anyway.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled. (Default Enabled)

MPS Version Control For OS

Not changeable with APIC Mode set to disabled.

The choice: 1.1, 1.4.

OS Select For DRAM > 64MB

Select OS/2 only if you are running OS/2 operating system with greater than 64MB of RAM on the system.

The choice: Non-OS2, OS2.

Report No FDD for WIN 95

The choice: No, Yes.

Small Logo (EPA) Show

Enabled	The EPA logo will appear during system boot-up.
Disabled	The EPA logo will not appear during system boot-up.

ASF support

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

DMI Event Log

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Clear ALL DMI Event Log

The choice: Yes, No.

View DMI Event Log

Press Enter to show all DMI event log.

Mark DMI Event as Read

Clear all DMI event logs immediately. Press enter will pop up a confirm screen. Hit [Y] and [Enter], then clear all DMI event logs right now.

4.6 Advanced Chipset Feature

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the Intel Q965 chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as DRAM (DDR II SDRAM) and the external cache. It also coordinates communications between the conventional PCI Express bus and PCI bus. It must be stated that these items should never need to be altered. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system. The only time you might consider making any changes would be if you discovered that data was being lost while using your system.

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility Advanced Chipset Features

System BIOS Cacheable	[Enabled]	Item Help
Memory Hole At 15M-16M	[Disabled]	
▶ PCI Express Root Port Func	[Press Enter]	
▶ Advance Fan Speed Control	[Press Enter]	
AMT BIOS Support	[Enabled]	
GbE LAN	[Enabled]	
SOL Support	Enabled	
IDE-R Support	Enabled	
Platform Mng Selection	Intel AMT	
** VGA Setting **		Menu Level ▶
PEG/Onchip VGA Control	[Auto]	
On-Chip Frame Buffer Size	[8MB]	
DVMT Mode	[DVMT]	
DVMT /FIXED Memory Size	[128MB]	
FWH Write Protection	[Disabled]	
BootBlock Protection	[Disabled]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

Note:

Watch Out! If user would like to adopt add-on card such as PCI or PCI-Express graphic card to instead of on board VGA function, please set "PEG/Onchip VGA Control" default to [PEG Port].

System BIOS Cacheable

Selecting Enabled allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F0000h-FFFFFh, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Memory Hole At 15-16M

In order to improve performance, certain space in memory is reserved for ISA cards. This memory must be mapped into the memory space below 16MB.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI Express Root Port Fnction

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
PCI Express Root Port Func

PCI Express Port 1	[Enabled]	Item Help
PCI Express Port 2	[Enabled]	
PCI Express Port 3	[Enabled]	Menu Level ►
PCI Express Port 4	[Enabled]	
PCI Express Port 5	[Enabled]	
PCI Express Port 6	[Enabled]	
PCI-E Compliancy Mode	[v1.0a]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

The choice: Auto, Enabled, Disabled.

Advanced Fan Speed Control

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Advance Fan Speed Control

Fan1 Speed Monitor	[Enabled]	Item Help
Fan2 Speed Monitor	[Enabled]	
Fan3 Speed Monitor	[Enabled]	Menu Level ►
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

AMT BIOS Support

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

GbE LAN

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

PEG/Onchip VGA Control

The choice: On chip VGA, PEG Port, and Auto.

On-Chip Frame Buffer Size

The choice: 1MB, 8MB.

DVMT Mode

The choice: FIXED. DVMT.

DVME/FIXED Memory Size

Adjusting graphic memory size of system share memory.

The choice: 128MB, 256MB, MAX.

FWH Write Protection

Firmware hub protection; this item can protect user's original frame of BIOS. It is strong recommend the BIOS structure has to be maintained by advanced member.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled

BootBlock Protection

The choice: Disabled, Enabled

4.7 Integrated Peripherals

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility Integrated Peripherals

▶ OnChip IDE Device [Press Enter] ▶ Super IO Device [Press Enter] ▶ USB Device Setting [Press Enter] <i>CPU Relative Temperature 64°C</i> <i>MCH Temperature 50°C</i> <i>Current CPU FAN Speed RPM</i> <i>Current Inlet FAN Speed RPM</i> <i>Current Outlet FAN Speed RPM</i>	Item Help
	Menu Level ▶
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults	

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

OnChip IDE Device

IDE HDD Block Mode	[Enabled]	Item Help
IDE DMA transfer access	[Enabled]	
IDE Primary Master PIO	[Auto]	Menu Level ►
IDE Primary Slave PIO	[Auto]	
IDE Primary Master UDMA	[Auto]	
IDE Primary Slave UDMA	[Auto]	
On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE	[Enabled]	
IDE Secondary Master PIO	[Auto]	
IDE Secondary Slave PIO	[Auto]	
IDE Secondary Master UDMA	[Auto]	
IDE Secondary Slave UDMA	[Auto]	
SATA Mode	[IDE]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

IDE HDD Block Mode

If your IDE hard drive supports block mode select Enabled for automatic detection of the optimal number of block read/writes per sector the drive can support.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

IDE DMA transfer access

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO

The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.

The choice: Auto, Mode 0, Mode 1, Mode 2, Mode 3, and Mode 4.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave UDMA

Ultra DMA/33/66/100 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive supports it and the operating environment includes a DMA driver (Windows 95 OSR2 or a third-party IDE bus master driver). If your hard drive and your system software both support Ultra DMA/33/66/100, select Auto to enable BIOS support.

The choice: Auto, Disabled.

On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE

The chipset contains a PCI IDE interface with support for two IDE channels. Select Enabled to activate the primary IDE interface. Select Disabled to deactivate this interface.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

SATA Mode

IDE	Use the Serial ATA hard disk drives as Parallel ATA physical Storage devices.
RAID	With Intel Matrix Storage Technology with RAID 0, 1, 5, 10 support.
AHCI	The Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) specification describes the register-level interface for a Host Controller for Serial ATA 1.0a and Serial ATA II.

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Super IO Device

		Item Help
Onboard FDC Controller	[Enabled]	Menu Level ►
Onboard Serial Port 1	[3F8/IRQ4]	
Onboard Serial Port 2	[2F8/IRQ3]	
UART Mode Select	[Normal]	
<i>X Rx D, Tx D Active</i>	<i>Hi, Lo</i>	
<i>X IR Transmission Delay</i>	<i>Enabled</i>	
<i>X UR2 Duplex Mode</i>	<i>Half</i>	
<i>X Use IR Pins</i>	<i>IR-Rx2Tx2</i>	
Onboard Parallel Port	[378/IRQ7]	
Parallel Port Mode	[SPP]	
<i>X EPP Mode Select</i>	<i>EPP1.7</i>	
<i>X ECP Mode Use DMA</i>	<i>3</i>	
PWRON After PWR-Fail	[Off]	
Onboard Serial Port 3	[3E8]	
Serial Port 3 Use IRQ	[IRQ10]	
Onboard Serial Port 4	[2E8]	
Serial Port 4 Use IRQ	[IRQ11]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/~/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

Onboard FDC Controller

This item allows you to enable/disable onboard Floppy disk controller.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Onboard Serial Port 1/Port 2

Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first and second serial ports.

The choice: Disabled, 3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, Auto.

UART Mode Select

This item allows users to select Infrared transmission mode.

Normal	Disable Infrared function
IrDA	Select IrDA mode transmission
ASKIR	Select ASKIR mode transmission

Watch out! Below 4 kinds of selectable item are based on UARM Mode select setting

※RxD, TxD Active

This item is to configure Infrared transmission rate. Four options are available:

Hi, Hi	High rate for receiving / High rate for transmitting
Hi, Lo	High rate for receiving / Low rate for transmitting
Lo, Hi	Low rate for receiving / High rate for transmitting
Lo, Lo	Low rate for receiving / Low rate for transmitting

※IR Transmission Delay

This option will be available when IR is enabled.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

※UR2 Duplex Mode

The available choices are full duplex mode and half duplex mode

The choice: Full, Half.

※Use IR Pins

The available choices are IR-Rx2Tx2/ RxD2, TxD2.

The choice: IR-Rx2Tx2 / RxD2, TxD2.

Onboard Parallel Port

This item allows you to configure I/O address of the onboard parallel port.

The choice: Disabled, 378/IRQ7, 278/IRQ5, and 3BC/IRQ7.

Parallel Port Mode

There are four different modes for the onboard parallel port:

SPP	Switch to SPP mode
EPP	Switch to EPP mode
ECP	Switch to ECP mode
ECP + EPP	Switch to ECP + EPP mode
Normal	Switch to Normal mode

Watch out! Below 2 kinds of selectable item are based on UARM Mode select setting

※EPP Mode Select

Select different version of EPP mode.

The choice: EPP1.7, EPP1.9.

※ECP Mode Use DMA

Select a proper DMA channel for ECP mode.

The choice: 1, 3.

PWERON Afer PWR-Fail

The choice: Off, On.

On Board Serial Port 3

The choice: Disabled, 3F8, 2F8, 3E8, 2E8.

Serial Port 3 Use IRQ

The choice: IRQ10, IRQ11, IRQ3, IRQ4.

On Board Serial Port 4

The choice: Disabled, 3F8, 2F8, 3E8, 2E8.

Serial Port 4 Use IRQ

The choice: IRQ10, IRQ11, IRQ3, IRQ4.

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

Onboard Device

USB 1.0 Controller	[Enabled]	Item Help
USB 2.0 Controller	[Enabled]	
USB Operation Mode	[High Speed]	Menu Level ►
USB Keyboard Function	[Enabled]	
USB Mouse Function	[Enabled]	
USB Storage Function	[Enabled]	
*** USB Mass Storage Device Boot Setting ***		
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

USB 1.0/2.0 Controller

This entry is for disable/enable EHCI controller only. This BIOS itself may/may not have high speed USB support built in, the support will be automatically turn on when high speed device were attached.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

USB Operation Mode

Auto decide USB device operation mode. [High speed]: if USB device was high speed device, then it operated.

USB Keyboard Support

This item allows you to enable USB keyboard function under POST, BIOS setup menu, DOS, or Windows-NT with no USB driver loaded.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

USB Mouse Support

This item allows you to enabled USB Mouse function under POST, BIOS Setup menu, DOS, or Window-NT with no USB driver loaded.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

USB Storage Function

[Enabled] or [Disabled] legacy support of USB Mass storage.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Watch Dog Timer Select

This BIOS testing option is able to reset the system according to the selected table.

The choice: Disabled, 10 Sec, 20 Sec, 30 Sec, 40 Sec, 1 Min, 2 Min, and 4 Min.

4.8 Power Management Setup

The Power Management Setup allows you to configure your system to most effectively save energy while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer use.

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Power Management Setup

ACPI Function [Enabled] ACPI Suspend Type [S3(POS)] Run VGABIOS if S3 Resume [Auto] Power Management [User Define] Video Off Method [DPMS] Video Off In Suspend [Yes] Suspend Type [Stop Grant] MODEM Use IRQ [3] Suspend Mode [Disabled] HDD Power Down [Disabled] Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN [Instant-Off] Wake-up by On Board LAN [Enabled] Power On by Ring [Enabled] USB KB Wake-Up From S3 [Disabled] Resume by Alarm [Disabled] X Date(of Month) Alarm 0 X Time(hh:mm:ss) Alarm 0 : 0 :0		Item Help
** Reload Global Timer Events ** Primary IDE 0 [Disabled] Primary IDE 1 [Disabled] Secondary IDE 0 [Disabled] Secondary IDE 1 [Disabled] FDD,COM,LPT Port [Disabled] PCI PIRQ[A-D]# [Disabled]		Menu Level ►
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

ACPI Function

This item allows you to enable/disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Management.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

ACPI Suspend Type

To decide which ACPI suspend mode to use.

The choice: S1(POS), S3(STR).

Run VGA BIOS if S3 Resume

The choice: Auto, Yes, No.

Power Management

This category allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving and is directly related to "HDD Power Down", "Suspend Mode".

There are three selections for Power Management, three of which have fixed mode settings.

Min. Power Saving	Minimum power management. Suspend Mode = 1 Hour, and HDD Power Down = 15 Min.
Max. Power Saving	Maximum power management. Suspend Mode = 1 Min., and HDD Power Down = 1 Min.
User Defined	Allow you to set each mode individually. When not disabled, Suspend Mode ranges from 1 min. to 1 Hour and HDD Power Down ranges from 1 Min. to 15 Min.

Video Off Method

This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

V/H SYNC+Blank	This selection will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer.
Blank Screen	This option only writes blanks to the video buffer.
DPMS	Initial display power management signaling.

Video Off In Suspend

This allows user to enable/disable video off in Suspend Mode.

The choice: Yes, No.

Suspend Type

Two options are available: Stop Grant and PwrOn Suspend.

The choice: Stop Grant, PwrOn Suspend.

MODEM Use IRQ

The choice: NA, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11.

Suspend Mode

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, all devices except the CPU will be shut off.

The choice: Disabled, 1 Min, 2 Min, 4 Min, 8 Min, 12 Min, 20 Min, 30 Min, 40 Min, and 1 Hour.

HDD Power Down

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, the hard disk drive will be powered down while all other devices remain active.

The choice: Disabled, 1 Min, 2 Min, 3 Min, 4 Min, 5 Min, 6 Min, 7 Min, 8 Min, 9 Min, 10 Min, 11 Min, 12 Min, 13 Min, 14 Min, 15 Min.

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

This item allows users to set the time to remove the power after the power button is pressed.

The choice: Instant-Off, Delay 4 Sec.

PWRON After PWR-Fail

This item allows user to configure the power status of using ATX power supply after a serious power loss occurs.

On	System automatically restores power back
Off	System stays at power -off

Wake-Up by On Board LAN

This option can be enabled to support Wake Up by on-board LAN.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Power On by Ring

When select "Enabled", a system that is at soft-off mode will be alert to Wake-On-Modem signal.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

USB KB Wake-up From S3

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Resume by Alarm

This item allows users to enable/disable the resume by alarm function. When "Enabled" is selected, system using ATX power supply could be powered on if a customized time and day is approached.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Date(of Month) Alarm

When "Resume by Alarm" is enabled, this item could allow users to configure the date parameter of the timing dateline on which to power on the system.

The choice: 0 ~ 31.

Time(hh:mm:ss) Alarm

When "Resume by Alarm" is enabled, this item could allow users to configure the time parameter of the timing dateline on which to power on the system.

The choice: hh (0~23), mm (0~59), ss (0 ~59).

Primary/Secondary IDE 0/1

This item is to configure IDE devices being monitored by system so as to keep system out of suspend mode if the associated device is busy.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

FDD, COM, LPT Port

This item is to configure floppy device, COM ports, and parallel port being monitored by system so as to keep system out of suspend mode if the associated device is busy.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI PIQ[A-D]#

This option can be used to detect PCI device activities. If they are activities, the system will go into sleep mode.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

4.9 PnP/PCI Configurations

This section describes configuring the PCI bus system. PCI, or Personal Computer Interconnect, is a system, which allows I/O devices to operate at speeds nearing the speed the CPU itself, uses when communicating with its own special components.

This section covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility PnP/PCI Configurations

Init Display First	[PCI Slot]	Item Help
Reset Configuration Data	[Disabled]	
Resources Controlled By	[Auto(ESCD)]	Menu Level ►
X IRQ Resources	Press Enter	
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	[Disabled]	
*** PCI Express relative item ***		
Maximum Payload Size	[128]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

Init Display First

This item allows you to select the first display port to be initialized.

The choice: PCI Slot, Onboard.

Reset Configuration Data

Default is disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the OS cannot boot.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Resource Controlled By

BIOS can automatically configure the entire boot and plug and play compatible devices. If you choose Auto, you cannot select IRQ DMA and memory base address fields, since BIOS automatically assigns them.

The choice: Auto (ESCD), Manual.

Watch Out! Below selection item is based on "Resource Controlled BY" to setting.

※IRQ Resources

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt a type, depending on the type of device using the interrupt.

Enter for more options IRQ-3/IRQ-4/IRQ-5/IRQ-7/IRQ-9/IRQ-10/IRQ-11/IRQ-12/IRQ-14/IRQ-15 assigned to.

The choice: PCI Device / Reserved.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

Leave this field at "Disabled".

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Maximum Payload Size

Default: 128

4.10 PC Health Status

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility PC Health Status

CPU throttle Temperature [Disabled]	Item Help
Current System Temperature °C	Menu Level ▶
Current MOSFET Temperature °C	
Power supply FAN Speed RPM	
CPU Vcore 1.24 V	
CPU VTT 1.20 V	
+1.25V GMCH Vcore 1.26 V	
+1.8V DDR 1.80 V	
3V_DUAL 3.42 V	
+3.3V 3.29 V	
+ 5 V 5.07 V	
+12 V 12.03 V	
-12 V 12.36 V	
- 5 V -5.60 V	
VBAT(V) 3.26 V	
5VSB(V) 5.07 V	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults	

Note:

Upon oblique items (or data) will be based on device and power source variation.

CPU Warning Temperature

This item allows you to set a temperature above which the system will start the beeping warning. Default setting is disabled. This function will only with “ACPI” power management and “S3 (STR)” suspends type.

The choices : Disabled, 50°C /122°F, 53°C /127°F, 56°C /133°F, 60°C /140°F, 63°C /145°F, 66°C /151°F, 70°C /158°F.

4.11 Frequency/Voltage Control

Phoenix- AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility PC Health Status

CPU Clock Ratio Unlock	[Disabled]	Item Help
Auto Detect PCI Clk	[Enabled]	
Spread Spectrum	[Disabled]	
CPU Host/SRC/PCI Clock	[Default]	Menu Level ►
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		

CPU Clock Ratio Unlock

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

Auto Detect PCI Clk

The Cchoice: Disabled, Enabled.

Spread Spectrum

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

CPU Host/SRC/PCI Clock

The choice: Default, 100/100/33MHZ, 133/100/33MHZ, 166/100/33MHZ,
200/100/33MHZ, 266/100/33MHZ, 333/100/33MHZ.

4.12 Default Menu

Selecting “Defaults” from the main menu shows you two options, which are described below

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Fail-Safe Defaults (Y/N) ? **N**

Pressing ‘Y’ loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

Load Optimized Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Optimized Defaults (Y/N) ? **N**

Pressing ‘Y’ loads the default values that are factory settings for optimal performance system operations.

4.13 Supervisor/User Password Setting

You can set either supervisor or user password, or both of them. The differences between are:

Set Supervisor Password: can enter and change the options of the setup menus.

Set User Password: just can only enter but do not have the right to change the options of the setup menus. When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

ENTER PASSWORD

Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable a password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will confirm the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

PASSWORD DISABLED

When a password has been enabled, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration.

Additionally, when a password is enabled, you can also require the BIOS to request a password every time your system is rebooted. This would prevent unauthorized use of your computer.

4.14 Exiting Selection**Save & Exit Setup**

Pressing <Enter> on this item asks for confirmation:

Save to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)? **Y**

Pressing “Y” stores the selections made in the menus in CMOS – a special section of memory that stays on after you turn your system off. The next time you boot your computer, the BIOS configures your system according to the Setup selections stored in CMOS. After saving the values the system is restarted again.

Exit Without Saving

Pressing <Enter> on this item asks for confirmation:

Quit Without Saving (Y/N)? **N**

This allows you to exit Setup without storing in CMOS any change. The previous selections remain in effect. This exits the Setup utility and restarts your computer.

Chapter 5

Troubleshooting

This chapter provides a few useful tips to quickly get RUBY-9717VGAR running with success. As basic hardware installation has been addressed in Chapter 2, this chapter will primarily focus on system integration issues, in terms of BIOS setting, and OS diagnostics.

5.1 Hardware Quick Installation

CPU Installation

Due to the design of RUBY-9717VGAR, it only supports Intel® Core 2 Duo, Pentium® D, Pentium® 4, Celeron® D processor. Before installing CPU, please ensure the processor chosen is the right one. Regarding to CPU information, please refer to Intel website; <http://www.intel.com>

P4 Power connector

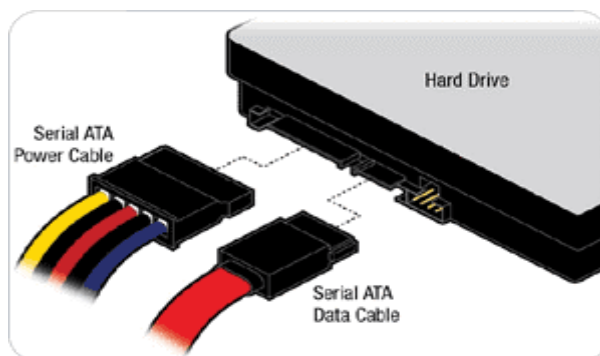
+12V CPU Supplementary Power connector is required on RUBY-9717VGAR. It is because Portwell wants to provide customer better performance and more reliable system. By using this CPU Supplementary will enhance the power drawing to the motherboard. However, **J10**, +12V CPU Supplementary Power connector must be connected all the time. Otherwise, the system will fail to boot up.

ATX Power Setting

RUBY-9717VGAR supports ATX only; However, there are only two connectors that must be connected – **J37** (24 pins Power Connector) and **J10**.

Serial ATA Hardware and SATA RAID Installation

Unlike IDE bus, each Serial ATA channel can only connect to single SATA hard disk at simultaneously; there are six SATA connectors on motherboard, **J27**, **J28**, **J39**, **J40**, **J31**, **J32**. The installation of Serial ATA is simpler and easier than IDE, because SATA hard disk doesn't require setting up Master and Slave, which can reduce mistake of hardware installation. All you need to do is to plug in two cables on SATA HDD (power and data-cable).



Besides, RUBY-9717VGAR also supports RAID 0, 1, 5, (0+1) functions. To enable SATA RAID function, "SATA Mode" must be set to "**RAID Mode**". After that, SATA Mode option will be unmasked automatically, and then save default and reboot system.

5.2 BIOS Setting

It is assumed that users have correctly adopted modules and connected all the devices cables required before turning on ATX power. CPU, CPU Fan, 240-pin DDR2 SDRAM, keyboard, mouse, floppy drive, IDE CD-ROM, SATA hard disk, printer, VGA connector, device cables, ATX accessories or 12V 4-pin power cable are good examples that deserve attention. With no assurance of properly and correctly accommodating these modules and devices, it is very possible to encounter system failures that result in malfunction of any device.

To make sure that you have a successful start with RUBY-9717VGAR, it is strongly recommended, when going with the boot-up sequence, to hit "DEL" key and enter the BIOS setup menu to tune up a stable BIOS configuration so that you can wake up your system far well.

Loading the default optimal setting

When prompted with the main setup menu, please scroll down to "**Load Optimal Defaults**", press "Enter" and "Y" to load in default optimal BIOS setup. This will force your BIOS setting back to the initial factory configuration. It is recommended to do this so you can be sure the system is running with the BIOS setting that Portwell has highly endorsed. As a matter of fact, users can load the default BIOS setting any time when system appears to be unstable in boot up sequence.

Auto Detect Hard Disks

In the BIOS => Standard CMOS setup menu, pick up any one from Primary/Secondary Master/Slave IDE ports, and press "Enter". Setup the selected IDE port and its access mode to "Auto". This will force system to automatically pick up the IDE devices that are being connected each time system boots up.

Improper disable operation

There are too many occasions where users disable a certain device/feature in one application through BIOS setting. These variables may not be set back to the original values when needed. These devices/features will certainly fail to be detected.

When the above conditions happen, it is strongly recommended to check the BIOS settings. Make sure certain items are set as they should be. These include the floppy drive, COM1/COM2 ports, Parallel port, USB ports, external cache, on-board VGA and Ethernet.

It is also very common that users would like to disable a certain device/port to release IRQ resource. A few good examples are

Disable COM1 serial port to release IRQ #4
Disable COM2 serial port to release IRQ #3
Disable Parallel port to release IRQ #7
Disable PS/2 mouse to release IRQ #12,
Etc...

A quick review of the basic IRQ mapping is given below for your reference.

IRQ#	Description
IRQ #0	System Timer
IRQ #1	Keyboard Event
IRQ #2	Usable IRQ
IRQ #3	COM2
IRQ #4	COM1
IRQ # 5	Usable IRQ
IRQ #6	Diskette Event
IRQ #7	Usable IRQ
IRQ #8	Real-Time Clock
IRQ #9	Usable IRQ
IRQ #10	Usable IRQ
IRQ #11	Usable IRQ
IRQ #12	IBM Mouse Event
IRQ #13	Coprocessor Error
IRQ #14	Hard Disk Event
IRQ #15	Usable IRQ

It is then very easy to find out which IRQ resource is ready for additional peripherals. If IRQ resource is not enough, please disable some devices listed above to release further IRQ numbers.

System Memory Address Map

Each On-board device in the system is assigned a set of memory addresses, which also can be identical of the device. The following table lists the system memory address used.

Memory Area	Size	Device Description
0000-03F	1K	Interrupt Area
0040-004F	0.3K	BIOS Data Area
0050-006F	0.5K	BIOS Data Area
0070-03DE	13K	DOS
03DF-049A	2.9K	Program Area
0498-9EFF	617K	Available
9F00-9FBF	3K	Unused
9FC0-9FFF	1K	Extended Bios Area
= Conventional memory ends at 636K =		
A000-AFFF	64K	VGA Graphics
B000-B7FFF	32K	Unused
B800-BFFF	32K	VGA Text
C000-CAFF	44K	Video ROM
CB00-EEFF	144K	Unused
EF00-EFFF	44K	ROM
F000-FFF	4K	System ROM
HMA	64K	First 64K Extended

Interrupt Request Lines (IRQ)

Peripheral devices can use interrupt request lines to notify CPU for the service required. The following table shows the IRQ used by the devices on board.

IRQ#	Current Use	Default Use
IRQ 0	System ROM	System Timer
IRQ 1	System ROM	Keyboard Event
IRQ 2	Unassigned	Usable IRQ
IRQ 3	System ROM	COM2
IRQ 4	System ROM	COM1
IRQ 5	Unassigned	Usable IRQ
IRQ 6	System ROM	Diskette Event
IRQ 7	Unassigned	Usable IRQ
IRQ 8	System ROM	Real-Time Clock
IRQ 9	Unassigned	Usable IRQ
IRQ 10	Unassigned	Usable IRQ
IRQ 11	Unassigned	Usable IRQ
IRQ 12	System ROM	IBM Mouse Event
IRQ 13	System ROM	Coprocessor Error
IRQ 14	System ROM	Hard Disk Event
IRQ 15	Unassigned	Usable IRQ